# POLITICAL CORPORA IN GREATER CHINA

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# CORPUS OF POLITICAL SPEECHES

#### http://digital.lib.hkbu.edu.hk/corpus/index.php

SEARCH THE CORPUS ABOUT THE PROJECT HELP WORD FREQUENCY DATA TERMS OF USE CONTAINS 6,269,359 WORDS



#### About the Project

Welcome to the HKBU Corpus of Political Speeches, an online archive of speeches from politicians around the world. This Corpus has a web-based concordance feature, which allows corpus searches in untagged texts.

of Political Speeches



In collaboration with the Hong Kong Baptist University Library, political speeches have been uploaded to this online database. The Corpus currently contains four collections of political speeches. They are

- 1. The Corpus of U.S. Presidential Speeches (1789-2015) (including Inaugural Addresses, Annual Messages to Congress on the State of the Union, National Political Party Platforms, Presidential Nomination Acceptance Speeches, Presidential Candidates Debates and Saturday Radio Address)
- 2. The Corpus of Policy Address by Hong Kong Governors (1984-1996) and Hong Kong Chief Executives
- The Corpus of Speeches given on New Year's days and Double Tenth days by Taiwan Presidents (1978-
- 4. The Corpus of Report on the Work of the Government by Premiers of the People's Republic of China (1984-2015) [corpus sizes: 344,581 words/tags].

In total, more than four million words were collected for this online database.







Terms of Use

# INTRODUCTION OF THE PROJECT

#### About the Project

Welcome to the HKBU Corpus of Political Speeches, an online archive of speeches from politicians around the world. This Corpus has a webbased concordance feature, which allows corpus searches in untagged texts (the English corpus) and in tagged texts (the Chinese corpus).

#### **Research Projects involved:**

- 1. Development of the HKBU Chinese Corpus of Political Speeches (HKBU Digital Scholarship Grant)
- 2. Tagging and Glossing the Hong Kong, China and Taiwan Political Corpus (HKBU Faculty Research Grant)

3. Cross-linguistic Variations in Conceptual Metaphors (General Research Fund, Hong Kong Research Grant Council)

## FOUR ONLINE CORPORA

#### Corpus Data

In collaboration with the Hong Kong Baptist University Library, political speeches have been uploaded to this online database. The Corpus currently contains four collections of political speeches. They are

- The Corpus of U.S. Presidential Speeches (1789-2015) (including Inaugural Addresses, Annual Messages to Congress on the State of the Union, National Political Party Platforms, Presidential Nomination Acceptance Speeches, Presidential Candidates Debates and Saturday Radio Address) [corpus sizes: 4,429,976 words],
- The Corpus of Policy Address by Hong Kong Governors (1984-1996) and Hong Kong Chief Executives (1997-2015) [corpus sizes: 430,763 words],
- The Corpus of Speeches given on New Year's days and Double Tenth days by Taiwan Presidents (1978-2015) [corpus sizes: 533,513 words/tags] and
- The Corpus of Report on the Work of the Government by Premiers of the People's Republic of China (1984-2015) [corpus sizes: 344,581 words/tags].

In total, more than four million words were collected for this online database.

# BRIEF OVERVIEW OF HISTORY & LINGUISTIC EDUCATION

# LOCATION OF HONG KONG



# FROM BRITISH COLONY TO SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

- I 836 Founding of British Colony
- 1945 End of WWII and return of colony to Britain from Japanese
- 1984 Sino-British Joint Declaration (Hong Kong Governors)





# SINO-BRITISH JOINT DECLARATION (1984)

One country, two systems

Way of life remain unchanged until 2047

- High degree of autonomy except in foreign and defense affairs
- Rights are protected by law

Chief Executive of HKSAR will be appointed by the Central People's Government on the basis of the results of elections or consultations to be held locally

# FROM BRITISH COLONY TO SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

- 1836 Founding of British Colony
- I 945 End of WWII and return of colony to Britain from Japanese
- 1984 Sino-British Joint Declaration (Hong Kong Governors)
- 1997 Return of Hong Kong to China (Hong Kong Chief Executives)







day, high 84, low 71. Details, page 812.

60 CENTS

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1997

#### CHINA RESUMES CONTROL OF HONG KONG, **CONCLUDING 156 YEARS OF BRITISH RULE**



In a ceremony marked by precision and martial music, Gov. Chris Patten solemnly received the British flag that flew at Government House. Hours later, a Chinese flag was raised inside the Exhibition and Convention Ce

#### Clinton Outlines Tax Cut Plan, Putting Emphasis on Education

#### By JAMES BENNET

the tax cut plans that each passed

last week, trying to arrive at a bill that Mr. Clinton will sign.

before departing on a political fund-raising trip to Boston and New York.

bomb tax cuts that threaten to ex-

The President sharply criticized

WASHINGTON, June 30 - Presi- are to hammer out a joint version of dent Clinton laid out his plan today for divuying up \$135 billion in tax cuts over the next five years, bonding to Republican demands for a broad reduction in taxes on investment the Congressional tax cut plans to gains but shifting money away from the wealthiest families and toward his cherished higher education programs. Arriving as Congress prepares to

grapple with precisely how to sub-stantially cut Federal taxes for the middle class. They include timefirst time is 16 years, the plan was

Empire's Sunset? Not Just Yet. The handover of Hong Kong re-

moves from British rule 6.3 million people, reducing Her Majesty's pos-sessions to a scattering of outposts and Islands. But it can still be said that the sun does not set on the British Empire. At every moment, at some far-flung corner of the revolving globe, it is daytime in a place where the Union Jack flies. Britain retains nine inhabited

tervitories, with a total population of about 200,000, and a few tinier uninhabited holdings. The largest remaining time-zone

gap is between Pitcairn Island in the eastern Pacific, and Diego Garcia, a military base in the Indian Ocean. e to Chief Dy

HONG KONG'S PEOPLE marked the moment with festivity and anxiety - not tension. Page A9.

> THE BIGGEST COLONY remaining, Bermuda, sees Britain's loss in Asia as its gain: a great business opportunity, Page A10.



#### Time of Uncertainty Begins: Will Beijing Honor Vows?

#### By EDWARD A. GARGAN

HONG KONG, Tuesday, July 1 -In the first moments after midnight, in a ceremony of solemn precision

and martial music, China resumed sovereignty over Hong Kong today, ending 156 years of British colonial rule. Seconds after British soldiers low-

ered the Union Jack for the last time to the strains of "God Save the Queen," China's red banner was raised, marking the transfer of this free-wheeling capitalist territory to Communist control.

for the universal cause of peace and justice. "The return of Hong Kong to the motherland after a century of vicissitudes indicates that from new on.

our Nong Kong compatriots have become true masters of this Chinese land and that Hong Kong has how entered a new era of development, Mr. Jiang said. Change came quickly as the terri

tory's new rulers assumed control. At the stroke of midnight, Hong Kong's elected legisla ture was i

### TAIWAN



- 1945 Took control of island from Japanese
  - 1949 Retreated
  - 1971 Loss of UN seat
  - Late 1980's lifting of martial law
  - 1992 One China

#### Principle

1996 - First presidential elections



# PRC

- 1911- Proclamation of Republic of China
- 1931-1945 Japan's invasion in China; Civil War between Kuomingtang and Communists.
- 1949 Founding of the People's Republic of China
- 1990 China's "Open-door policy"

# LINGUISTIC EDUCATION

- Taiwan Students educated in Mandarin Chinese, BoPoMoFo phonetic system in primary school, top to bottom, left to right textbooks, traditional characters, EFL, small number of classes in native topolect/language
- China Students educated in Putonghua, pinyin phonetic system during first and second years of education, simplified characters, EFL
- Hong Kong Students educated in Cantonese, traditional characters, no phonetic system used, also learn PSL and ESL

# CORPUS INTRODUCTION

# PURPOSE

Easily examine patterns of lexical use in political speeches

Critical Metaphor Analysis

- University coursework
- Knowledge Transfer: Engage high school students in Hong Kong in critically examining policy issues
- Knowledge Transfer: Journalists, government officials, teachers

# SAMPLING

- Downloaded from on-line speech repositories
  - Exception: Hong Kong Governor's Addresses (1984-1997) OCR scanned and then checked twice
- Name of source retained on filename
- Texts were stripped of boilerplate
- Texts were transcriptions provided by government institutions or by a university that collects these files (UCSB Presidential Project)
- URLs are provided for source files

-	$\rightarrow$ C	i) dig	gital.lib.hkbu	u.edu.hk/corpus/search.php			Q 🕁
	87. <u>2000</u>	USA	US - SOU	G. W. Bush	been complicit in the oppression of others. Today, having come far in our own historical	journey,	we must decide: Will we turn back or fin
	88. <u>2007</u>	<u>7</u> HK	HK - PA	Tsang	To me, and to people in my age group, this transformation has been an incredible	journey.	In those days we did not have the luxury
	89. <u>2008</u>	<u>8</u> HK	HK - PA	Tsang	different political views, all strive for progress and advancement, we will embark upon a new	journey	for a golden decade. I believe with the jo
	90. <u>2008</u>	USA	US - PNAS	Obama	me express my thanks to the historic slate of candidates who accompanied me on this	journey,	and especially the one who traveled the
	91. <u>2008</u>	USA	US - PNAS	Obama	of the United States, Joe Biden, I thank you. I am grateful to finish this	journey	with one of the finest statesmen of our ti
	92. <u>2008</u>	USA	US - PCD	Unspecified	for president, and I'm hopeful that all of you are prepared to continue this extraordinary	journey	that we call America. But we're going to
	93. <u>2008</u>	B USA	US - NPP	Others Rep	should remind the institutions of civil society of the need to embrace newcomers, assist their	journey	to full citizenship, and help their commu

#### Download "Keyword in Context"

#### Keyword in Expanded Context

Source: HK \_ DA

.......

http://www.policyaddress.gov.hk/07-08/eng/policy.html

... spirit that underpins my style of governance. In this new era of swift changes, I believe what we need is more consensus, less controversy; more practical action, less empty talk; more cohesion, less division. Scaling New Heights 129. People may ask: What is the foundation for such consensus, harmony and cohesion? I would say it lies in the determination of the Government, enterprises and individuals to improve themselves. As the head of the Government, I will promote the development of democracy, pursue excellence in governance and progressively implement my policy agenda, with a view to improving the political environment in Hong Kong. As the pillar of our economy, enterprises should enhance corporate governance, develop creativity and shoulder more social responsibilities, so as to help create a better socio-economic environment. As the base of society, individuals should make sustained efforts to pursue personal advancement in this everchanging world and strengthen the family unit in the face of different challenges, so that Hong Kong will become more competitive and our society more harmonious. 130. When people from different social strata and age groups, and people of different political views, all strive for progress and advancement, we will embark upon a new journey for a golden decade. I believe with the joint efforts of the people and the Government, in the next decade, Hong Kong will shine even more as a global metropolis.

# SAMPLING

- Each speech is uploaded in its entirety
- Full versions of speech can be found on source site
- All speeches of a given type within the given time periods are included
- During this time period, only male politicians were in power
- Audio files were not included but can be found for the Hong Kong Chief Executives speeches and recent US speeches

#### Press Releases

繁體版 | 簡体版 | Email this article | Government Homepage

2005-06 Policy Address by Chief Executive (1)

Following is the full text of the 2005-06 Policy Address -Strong Governance For the People - by the Chief Executive, Mr Donald Tsang, in the Legislative Council today (October 12):

Madam President,

A. Introduction

1. Since the last Policy Address, Hong Kong has undergone significant changes. It is moving forward with new vigour, confidence and ambition to embrace the future. I have reviewed our recent work with colleagues and listened extensively to the views of the community on what I may accomplish in the remaining 20 months of my term. We fully understand the enormity of our task. We need to prioritise the needs and aspirations of various sectors and decide on the direction and focus of our work. I am honoured to deliver my Policy Address today. It builds on our past achievements and delivers on the pledges I made during the Chief Executive Election campaign. I have pledged to secure a "peoplebased" government which pursues excellent governance, a harmonious community and widespread economic growth. I believe this is the common wish of the people.

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Windows Media format	Real Media format
Floor	Floor
Cantonese	Cantonese
Putonghua	Putonghua
English	English

#### RELATED LINKS

- 施政報告全文(二)
- 2005-06 Policy Address by Chief Executive (2)
- 施政報告全文(三)
- 2005-06 Policy Address by Chief Executive (3)
- 施政報告全文(四)
- 2005-06 Policy Address by Chief Executive (4)
- 施政報告全文(五)
- 2005-06 Policy Address by Chief Executive (5)

### Corpus of HK Policy Address in English (1984-2014)

Name	Year	Corpus Size	
Sir Edward Youde	1984-1986	28,989	Pre 172
Sir David Wilson	1987-1991	63,259	W
Sir Chris Patten	1992-1996	80,713	
Tung Chee-hwa	1997-2005	108,589	Pc 24
Donald Tsang Yam- Kuen	2006-2012	95,496	$\sim$
Leung Chung-ying	2013-2014	36,155	

Pre-97 172,961 words

Post-97 240,240 words

# Corpus of HK Policy Address in Chinese (1984-2014)

Name	Year	Corpus Size	
Sir Edward Youde	1984-1986	54,147	Pre-97
Sir David Wilson	1987-1991	110,753	298,572 words
Sir Chris Patten	1992-1996	133,672	
Tung Chee-hwa	1997-2005	169,654	Deet 07
Donald Tsang Yam-Kuen	2006-2012	144,965	Post-97 367,939 words
Leung Chung-ying	2013-2014	53,320	

\*Parsed with Part-Of-Speech tagging using Stanford Log-linear Part-Of-Speech Tagger

# ASSUMPTIONS ABOUT HK POLICY ADDRESSES

- Communicate strategically to influence public (local residents) to support their proposals
  - Appeal to and earn trust of the public (local residents)
- Senior government officials (in Britain and China) have already vetted the addresses before they are given
- Addresses are written specifically for an English audience or a Chinese audience; clarity and naturalness of the text is given priority over translation (p.c. Brett Free, HKSAR speechwriter)

# Corpus of PRC Policy Address in Chinese (1984-2013)

Name	Year	Corpus Size	
Zhao Ziyang	1984-1987	82,046	Pre-99
Li Peng	1988-1998	226,253	words
Zhu Rongji	1999-2003	85,981	Post-99
Wen Jiabao	2004-2013 195,742		281,723 words

\* Parsed with Part-Of-Speech tagging using Stanford Log-linear Part-Of-Speech Tagger

## NOTES

#### Notes for the Chinese Corpus

The part-of-speech in the Chinese corpus is parsed initially by the Stanford Log-linear Part-Of-Speech Tagger and supplemented with a very careful proof-reading. The following is a brief explanation for the Part-of-Speech Tagging Guidelines according to Fei (2000a, 2000b).

The Stanford Natural Language Processing Group (2015). Stanford Word Segmenter (Version 3.6.0) [Software]. Available from http://nlp.stanford.edu/software/segmenter.html

The Stanford Natural Language Processing Group (2015). Stanford Log-linear Part-Of-Speech Tagger (Version3.6.0) [Software]. Available from <u>http://nlp.stanford.edu/software/tagger.html</u>

Fei, Xia. (2000a). The segmentation guidelines for the Penn Chinese Treebank (3.0). *IRCS Technical Reports Series*. Retrieved from: <u>http://repository.upenn.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1038&context=ircs\_reports</u>

Fei, Xia. (2000b). The part-of-speech tagging guidelines for the Penn Chinese Treebank (3.0). *IRCS Technical Reports Series*. Retrieved from: <u>http://repository.upenn.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1039&context=ircs\_reports</u> ts

### USER MANUALS

#### User Manual for the English Corpus

This is a manual for users to search the corpus. Users are free to select specific functions among the following steps according to the research needs.

#### Keyword Search

 Input a word or phrase you want to search in the corpus, e.g. "freedom".



Click the Source needed, either Hong Kong or United States. Then check the relevant boxes to specify the sources you want to search.

#### User Manual for the Chinese Corpus

#### Keyword Search

 Input a word or phrase you want to search in the corpus, e.g. "社会(society)".

COLD & al Political Speechers	INVESTIGATION OF	ABOUT THE PROJECT	-	1998 (* 18	CANADA CARL'AN ADRES
1000 100 00000 01000					
864A + 1011					
e Hara			W61.02873		

#### 2. Click "语料出处(source)" needed.



 Click "讲者(speaker)", and then check the relevant boxes to specify the speakers you want to search.

#### Frequently Asked Questions

#### 1. What is a corpus?

A corpus is defined as a compilation of different written text or vocabulary, focusing on the works from an author on a specific subject. This HKBU Corpus of Political Speeches is an important resource for all those interested in the study of political rhetoric. The data can be searched for within a particular time frame to facilitate analysis of diachronic language change. This Corpus provides empirical language data, which can serve as a reference for language learning, especially to those who are keen on understanding how politicians structure their speeches to win support from the public.

#### 2. How do I search for a term in the corpus website?

User manuals are provided as a guide for users to do keyword searches in both the English and Chinese corpus.

#### 3. Is the full written text of sources available for any results of a specific term?

If an URL link is provided in the "Keyword in Expanded Context" of the result page, then you can access the full written text of the relevant sources.

#### 4. Can I download the search results?

Yes, you can always download and access your search results in an excel document, by clicking the button Download "Keyword in Context" for corpus in English, and 下载语句 for Chinese ones.

#### 5. What is the difference between the traditional Chinese and the simplified Chinese corpus?

USING THE ENGLISH CORPUS

#### Keyword Search

#### 1. Input a word or phrase you want to search in the corpus, e.g.

Treedom	
ORPUS of Political Speeches	SEARCH THE CORPUS ABOUT THE PROJECT WORD FREQUENCY DATA TERMS OF USE CONTAINS 4,860,739 WORDS
English Search 繁中語料庫 简中语料库 Search English Term(s)	
Term(s) freedom	
Collocation     Top 50 words	
4 ▼ Word(s) ■ Before ■ After Source	Please retrieve the corpus by doing a search.
United States  Speaker	
<ul><li>Hong Kong</li><li>United States</li></ul>	

2. Click the Source needed, either Hong Kong or United States. Then check the relevant boxes to specify the sources you want to search.

Search English Term(s)					
Term(s) freedom					
Collocation <ul> <li>Top 50 words</li> <li>Top 50 words</li> <li>Word(s) Before After</li> </ul>					
Source					
<ul> <li>Hong Kong (Select All)</li> </ul>					
Policy Addresses by the Chief					
Executives (HK)					
Addresses by the Governors (HK)					
<ul> <li>United States (Select All)</li> </ul>					
Inaugural Addresses (USA)					
National Political Party Platforms					
(USA)					
Presidential Candidates Debates					
(USA)					
Presidential Nomination Acceptance					
Speeches (USA)					
Saturday Radio Addresses (USA)					
Annual Messages to Congress on					
the State of the Union (USA)					

Please retrieve the corpus by doing a search.

3. Click the Speaker needed, as shown below.



4. Choose the time range either by selecting the boxes or by dragging the green button to limit the retrieved data to a particular timeframe.



5. Press the Search button to get the result page.

English Search 繁中語料庫 简中语料库	
Search English Term(s)	
Term(s) freedom	
Collocation	
Top 50 words	
4 Vord(s) Before After	Please retrieve the corpus by doing a search.
Source	
<ul><li>Hong Kong</li><li>United States</li></ul>	
Speaker	
<ul><li>Hong Kong</li><li>United States</li></ul>	
Time 1917 ▼ to 2015 ▼	
Search	

6. View your search results with both *No. of Occurrence* in the relevant corpora and *Graphical Representation* to show the relevant percentage among all the search results.



7. You can sort out the Keyword in Context by Year/Region/Type/Speaker.

eyword in Context			SORT BY:	Year   Region   Type   Speaker L5   L4   L3   L2   L1   R1   R2   R3   R4   R5
1. <u>1925</u> USA US-IA Coo	olidge an interve	ening continent until it passed down the golden slope to the Pacific. We made	freedom	1 a birthright. We extended our domain over distant islands in order to safeguard our o
2. <u>1942</u> USA US-SOU F.D. Roo	) subjugated Nations — the osevelt	objective of establishing and securing freedom of speech, freedom of religion,	freedon	from want, and freedom from fear everywhere in the world. We shall not stop short
3. <u>1947</u> USA US-SOU Trun	man they are neede	ed to protect the public. Private enterprise must be given the greatest possible	freedon	to continue the expansion of economy. In my proclamation of December 31, 1946 I a
4. <u>1948</u> USA US-NPP Othe	ers Rep unique weapon of (	our national defense; and is the mainspring of material well-being and political	freedon	Government, as the servant of such a system, should take all needed steps to streng
5. <u>1948</u> USA US-SOU Trun	man	isolate ourselves from the rest of the world. We have learned that the loss of	freedon	in any area of the world means a loss of freedom to ourselves that
6. <u>1949</u> USA US-IA Trun	man and is	charged with the responsibility of protecting the rights of the individual and his	freedon	n in the exercise of those abilities of his. Communism maintains that social wrongs can
7. <u>1950</u> USA US-SOU Trun	man advances, furthe	er increases in our standard of living, and a still wider enjoyment of democratic	freedom	L.
8. <u>1951</u> USA US-SOU Trun	man	will give many people a real stake in the future and reason to defend their	freedon	They will mean increased production of goods they need and materials we need. See
9. <u>1951</u> USA US-SOU Trun	man for wit	h all the strength and wisdom we possess. But more precious than peace are	freedon	and justice. We will fight, if fight we must, to keep our freedom and to
10. <u>1954</u> USA US-SOU Eise	enhower effective	means of using them against an aggressor if they are needed to preserve our	freedon	Our defense will be stronger if, under appropriate security safeguards, we share with
11. <u>1955</u> USA US-SOU Eise	enhower adequately performed; and sec	ond, in performing that task, our government must not impair the self-respect,	freedon	1 and incentive of the individual. So long as these two rules are observed, the governm
12. 1956 USA US - NPP Othe	ers – Rep progr	rams; To develop farm programs that are fair to all farmers; To work toward full	freedom	n instead of toward more regimentation, developing voluntary rather than oppressive fa
13. <u>1956</u> USA US-SOU Eise	enhower under	the influence of fear, could defeat our purposes and impair or destroy the very	freedon	n and economic system our military defenses are designed to protect. We have improv
14. 1957 USA US-IA Eise	enhower progress in educat	ion and industry. We wish them success in their demands for more intellectual	freedon	greater security before their own laws, fuller enjoyment of the rewards of their own to
15. 1957 USA US-IA Eise	enhower	what we seek, and why. We seek peace, knowing that peace is the climate of	freedom	And now, as in no other age, we seek it because we have been warned,

8. You can also sort out your *Keyword in Context* by *L1-L5* & *R1-R5* (e.g. *L1* is the first word to the left of the keyword).

leyword in Context			SORT BY:	ear   Region   Type   Speaker <mark>L5   L4   L3   L2   L1   R</mark> 1	R2   R3   R4   R5
1. 1988 USA US-NPP	Others Rep	own problems and to have more choices in their lives. In 1984, we said, "From	freedom	comes opportunity; from opportunity comes growth; from growth	n comes progress," In
2.1996 USA US-NPP	Others - Rep	to Farm" ends the command-and-control policies that have choked the entrepreneurial spirit of rural America.	"Freedom	to Farm" permits experimentation with new crops and new mark	ets, just in time to me
3. 1976 USA US - NPP	Others Dem	Full Employment, Price Stability and Balanced Growth The Democratic Party's concern for human dignity and	freedom	has been directed at increasing the economic opportunities for a	Il our citizens and redu
4.1980 USA US-NPP	Others Dem	in the world but as the nation which is the champion of human justice and	freedom.		
5. 1980 USA US - NPP	Others Rep	forced out of their cars. Instead, we vigorously support the right of personal mobility and	freedom	as exemplified by the automobile and our modern highway syste	em. While recognizing
6.1984 USA US-RA	Reagan	third great goal is to help revive America's traditional values: faith, family, neighborhood, work, and	freedom	Government has no business enforcing these values, but neithe	r must it seek, as it dic
7.1985 USA US-SOU	J Reagan	peace most secure where people live by laws that ensure free press, free speech, and	freedom	to worship, vote, and create wealth. Our mission is to nourish an	nd defend freedom an
8. 1985 USA US-SOU	Reagan	America is stronger because of the values that we hold dear. We believe faith and	freedom	must be our guiding stars, for they show us truth, they make us	brave, give
9.1986 USA US-RA	Reagan	thankful this week that America has been permitted to further the cause of peace and	freedom	And in particular let us give thanks for one of our most cherished	freedoms: freedom
10.1996 USA US-RA	Clinton	America the strongest nation in the world and the world's strongest force for peace and	freedom	And let us each do our part to keep the American dream alive. T	Thank you
11.1996 USA US-PCE	) Unspecified	I have worked to support our country as the world's strongest force for peace and	freedom	prosperity and security. We have done the following things: Nurr	nber one, we've mana
12.2004 USA US-PCD	) Unspecified	to have a state, but I know they need leadership that's committed to democracy and	freedom	leadership that will be willing to reject terrorism. I made a decisio	n not to join
13.2012 USA US-NPP	Others Rep	so parents and the public can discover which schools best serve their pupils; flexibility and	freedom	to innovate, so schools can adapt to the special needs of their s	tudents and hold
14.2012 USA US-PNA	S Romney	waiting for us. Our children deserve it, our nation depends upon it, the peace and	freedom	of the world require it. And with your help we will deliver it. Let us	S

9. Click on any interested entries in step 8 to view Keyword in Expanded Context.

#### Keyword in Expanded Context

Source: US - SOU Speaker: Kennedy URL: http://www.presidency.ucsb.edu/ws/index.php?pid=9138

... -- a defense which is suited to the sixties. This means, unfortunately, a rising defense budget-for there is no substitute for adequate defense, and no "bargain basement" way of achieving it. It means the expenditure of more the \$15 billion this year on nuclear weapons systems alone, a sum which is about equal to the combined defense budgets of our European Allies. But it also means improved air and missile defenses, improved civil defense strengthened anti-guerrilla capacity and, of prime importance, more powerful and flexible nonnuclear forces. For threats of massive retaliation may not deter piecemeal aggression-and a line of destroyers in a quarantine, c division of well-equipped men on a border, may be more useful to our real security than the multiplication of awesome weapons beyond all rational need. But our commitment to national safety is not a commitment to expand military establishment indefinitely. We do not dismiss disarmament as merely an idle dream. For we believe that, in the end, it is the only way to assure the security of all without impairing the interests of any. Nor do we mist honorable negotiation for appeasement. While we shall never weary in the defense of **freedom, neither** shall we ever abandon the pursuit of peace. In this quest, the United Nations requires our full and continued support. Its vai in serving the cause of peace has been shown anew in its role in the West New Guinea settlement, in its use as a forum for the Cuban crisis, and in its task of unification in the Congo. Today the United Nations is primarily protector of the small and the weak, and a safety valve for the strong. Tomorrow it can form the framework for a world of law -- a world in which no nation dictates the destiny of another, and in which the vast resources now devote destructive means will serve constructive ends. In short, let our adversaries choose. If they choose peaceful competition, they shall have it. If they come to realize that their ambitions cannot succeed -- if they see their "wars iliberatio

10. Click the button *Download "Keyword in Context"* to extract your data to an Excel document.

Dov	vnloa	d "Ke	yword ir	n Context"												
X	<b>H</b> 3	9 - 12	-   <del>-</del>		Surger of Street, or other	-			HKBU-	Corpus (11	L) - Microsoft E	xcel	_	-	-	-
Fi	le	Hom	e Inse	rt Page Lay	out Formu	ılas D	ata Review	View	Acrobat							
ſ	<b>.</b>	Cut	•	Calibri	* 11 *	A A	= = =	≫ 📑	Wrap Text		General	Ŧ			<b>₩</b>	
Pas	te 🦪	Forma	t Painter	B <i>I</i> <u>U</u> →	r   🖽 🕶   🌺	• <u>A</u> •	≣≣≣	<b>∉</b> ≢ 🔤	Merge & C	Center 🔻	∰·% ,	00. 0.≁ 00. ≁.0	Conditional Format Formatting v as Table v	Cell Styles ≠	Insert *	Delet
	Clip	board	G.		Font	5		Alignment		E.	Number	E.	Styles			Cells
			A1		<b>▼</b> (0	$f_{x}$	1961									
	А	В	С	D	E		ł	F		G			Н	- I		J
						wel	l-being come t	to all manki	nd. Yet		a divisive f	orce has l	been at work to			
						while	we have work	ed to advan	ice		divert that	aspiratio	n into dangerous			
1	1961	USA (	JS - SOU	Eisenhower		nation	al aspirations	for		freedom	h channels. T	'ne				
		•				effe	ctive means o	of using then	m against		Our defens	e will be	stronger if, under			
						an agg	ressor if they	are needed	to		appropriate	e security	/ safeguards, we			
2	1954	USA (	JS - SOU	Eisenhower		preser	ve our			freedom	share with	our allies	i			
						subj	ugated Natior	ns â€″ the ol	bjective		from want,	and free	dom from fear			
						ofesta	blishing and s	ecuring free	edom of		everywher	e in the v	vorld. We shall not			
3	1942	USA (	JS - SOU	F. D. Roosev	elt	speech	n, freedom of	religion,		freedom	stop short .					
							-									
						ade perfor	quately perfor ming that task	rmed; and so , our goverr	econd, in nment		and incenti as these tw	ve of the o rules a	individual. So long re observed, the			
4	1955	USA (	JS - SOU	Eisenhower		must n	ot impair the	self-respect	t,	freedom	n governmer	nt				
						und	er the influen	ce of fear, c	ould		and econor	nic syste	m our military			
						defeat	our purposes	and impair	or		defenses a	re design	ed to protect. We			
5	1956	USA (	JS - SOU	Eisenhower		destro	y the very			freedom	have impro	ved the	effectiveness			
-																

#### Collocation Function

#### Top 50 words

1. Check the *Collocation* box, select "*Top 50 words*", and then choose a number to specify its distance from the keyword, e.g. "1 & Before".

ORPUS of Political Speeches	SEARCH THE CORPUS ABOUT THE PROJECT WORD FREQUENCY DATA TERMS OF USE CONTAINS 4,860,739 WORDS	f	F
English Search 繁中語料庫 简中语料库 Search English Term(s) Term(s) freedom			
<ul> <li>Collocation</li> <li>Top 50 words</li> <li>1 ▼ Word(s) ✓ Before □ After</li> <li>Sc 2</li> <li>3 Kong</li> <li>4 Chetes</li> </ul>	Please retrieve the corpus by doing a search.		
5 6 5 7 6 Sp 7 8 Kong 9 d States 10 Time 1789 ▼ to 2015 ▼			

2. Similarly, choose and specify the *source*, *speaker*, and *time* to retrieve data according to your research needs, e.g. "the SOU corpus".

English Search 繁中語料庫 简中语料库							
Search English Term(s)							
Term(s) freedom							
Collocation							
Top 50 words							
1 ▼ Word(s) I Before After							
Source							
<ul> <li>Hong Kong</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>United States (Select All)</li> </ul>							
Inaugural Addresses (USA)							
National Political Party Platforms							
(USA)							
Presidential Candidates Debates							
(USA)							
Presidential Nomination Acceptance							
Speeches (USA)							
Saturday Radio Addresses (USA)							
Annual Messages to Congress on the							
State of the Union (USA)							
Speaker							

Hong Kong

United States

Please retrieve the corpus by doing a search.

3. View your search results with both *No. of Occurrence* and *Graphical Representation*, and then choose a collocate you need.

#### Search Result



#### SORT BY: Year | Region | Type | Speaker | L5 | L4 | L3 | L2 | L1 | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5

1.	<u>1818</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Monroe	instituted its authority will be cherished. Each Government will acquire new force and a greater	freedom	of action within its proper sphere Other inestimat
2.	<u>1823</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Monroe	strength, has less to apprehend from the other, and in consequence each, enjoying a greater	freedom	of action, is rendered more efficient for all the pu
3.	<u>1838</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Buren	of suffrage, has increased the direct influence of the mass of the community, given greater	freedom	to individual exertion, and restricted more and m
4.	<u>1863</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Lincoln	of immigration. Although this source of national wealth and strength is again flowing with greater	freedom	than for several years before the insurrection occ
5.	<u>1863</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Lincoln	of immigration. Although this source of national wealth and strength is again flowing with greater	freedom	than for several years before the insurrection occ
6.	<u>1886</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Cleveland	sufficient advantages to justify an unusual effort to bring about the closer relations which greater	freedom	of communication would tend to establish. I sugg
7.	<u>1895</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Cleveland	as individuals with a people who seem to be struggling for larger autonomy and greater	freedom,	deepened, as such sympathy naturally must be,
8.	<u>1916</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Wilson	been acted upon by the House of Representatives; the bill which seeks to extend greater	freedom	of combination to those engaged in promoting th
9.	<u>1946</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Truman	prospect. On the foundation of our victory we can build a lasting peace, with greater	freedom	and security for mankind in our country and throu
10.	<u>1950</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Truman	or tyranny. They mean that we must throw our weight on the side of greater	freedom	and a better life for all peoples. These principles
11.	<u>1958</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Eisenhower	each other better. Recent negotiations in Washington have provided a basis in principle for greater	freedom	of communication and exchange of people. I urg
12.	<u>1959</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Eisenhower	need new legislation. In the past I have sent messages to the Congress requesting greater	freedom	for our farmers to manage their own farms and g
13.	<u>1959</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Eisenhower	law and the decisions of the Courts. By moving steadily toward the goal of greater	freedom	under law, for our own people, we shall be the be
14.	<u>1959</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Eisenhower	the Congress requesting greater freedom for our farmers to manage their own farms and greater	freedom	for markets to reflect the wishes of producers an
15.	<u>1960</u>	USA	US -	SOU	Eisenhower	that will gear production more closely to markets, make costly surpluses more manageable, provide greate	freedom	in farm operations, and steadily achieve increase

#### Keyword in Context

# 4. Output your results to Excel by clicking *Download* "Keyword in Context".

A:			<b>*</b>	XV	f <sub>x</sub>	1818										
4	А	В	С	D		E	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	м	N	0
							instituted its authority will be		of action within its proper sphere Other							
							cherished. Each Government will		inestimable advantages will follow. Our							
1	1818	USA	US - SC	U Monroe	2		acquire new force and a greater	freedom	produce will be							
							strength, has less to apprehend from		of action, is rendered more efficient for							
							the other, and in consequence each,		all the purposes for which it was							
2	1823	USA	US - SC	U Monroe	2		enjoying a <mark>greater</mark>	freedom	instituted							
							of suffrage, has increased the direct		to individual exertion, and restricted							
							influence of the mass of the community,		more and more the powers of							
3	1838	USA	US - SC	U Buren			given greater	freedom	Government; yet the intelligence,							
							of immigration. Although this source		than for several years before the							
							of national wealth and strength is again		insurrection occurred, there is still a							
4	1863	USA	US - SC	U Lincoln			flowing with greater	freedom	great deficiency of							
							of immigration. Although this source		than for several years before the							
							of national wealth and strength is again		insurrection occurred, there is still a							
5	1863	USA	US - SC	U Lincoln			flowing with greater	freedom	great deficiency of							
							sufficient advantages to justify an		of communication would tend to							
							unusual effort to bring about the closer		establish. I suggest that, as							
6	1886	USA	US - SC	U Clevela	nd		relations which greater	freedom	distinguished from a grant or							
							as individuals with a people who		deepened, as such sympathy naturally							
							seem to be struggling for larger		must be, in behalf of our neighbors, yet							
7	1895	USA	US - SC	U Clevela	nd		autonomy and greater	freedom,	the plain							
							been acted upon by the House of		of combination to those engaged in							
							Representatives; the bill which seeks to		promoting the foreign commerce of the							
В	1916	USA	US - SC	U Wilson			extend greater	freedom	country than is							
							prospect. On the foundation of our		and security for mankind in our country							
							victory we can build a lasting peace,		and throughout the world. We will more							
9	1946	USA	US - SC	U Truman	I		with greater	freedom	certainly							
									and a better life for all peoples. These							
							or tyranny. They mean that we must		principles confirm us in carrying out the							

#### **Collocation Function** •

 Single collocate
 Check the Collocation box, input a single collocate, e.g. "for", and then choose a number to specify its distance and position to the keyword, e.g. "1 &

Aftor"

ORPUS of Political Speeches	SEARCH THE CORPUS	ABOUT THE PROJECT	WORD FREQUENCY DATA	TERMS OF USE	CONTAINS 4,860,739 WORDS	f	F
English Search 繁中語料庫 简中语料库 Search English Term(s) Term(s) freedom							
<ul> <li>Collocation</li> <li>Top 50 words</li> <li>for</li> <li>1 Vord(s) Before After</li> <li>Sc 2</li> <li>3 Kong</li> <li>4 d States</li> <li>6</li> <li>7</li> <li>8 Kong</li> <li>9 d States</li> <li>10</li> </ul>		Please	retrieve the corpus by	doing a searcl	n.		
Time 1789 ▼ to 2015 ▼  Search Search Help Hints & Tips							

2. Similar to the previous guidelines, choose and specify the *source*, *speaker*, and *time* to retrieve data according to your research needs, e.g. "the SOU corpus".

English Search 繁中語料庫 简中语料库	
Search English Term(s)	
Term(s) freedom	
Collocation	
<ul> <li>● for</li> <li>1 • Word(s) ■ Before ♥ After</li> </ul>	
Source	Please retrieve the corpus by doing a search.
<ul> <li>Hong Kong</li> <li>United States (Select All)</li> <li>Inaugural Addresses (USA)</li> <li>National Political Party Platforms (USA)</li> <li>Presidential Candidates Debates (USA)</li> <li>Presidential Nomination Acceptance Speeches (USA)</li> <li>Saturday Radio Addresses (USA)</li> <li>Annual Messages to Congress on the State of the Union (USA)</li> </ul>	
Speaker • Hong Kong • United States	
Time 1789 ▼ to 2015 ▼	

Search

#### 4. Output your results to Excel by clicking Download "Keyword in Context".

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	Ι	J	К	L	М
1	1888	USA (	US - SOU	Cleveland		will reasonably demand through such revision steadier employment, cheaper means of living in their homes, cabinet in October last twenty-two prisoners, citizens of the United States,	freedom	for themselves and their children from the doom of perpetual servitude, and an open door For the relief of our own citizens suffering because of the conflict the aid					
2	1897	USA	US - SOU	McKinley		had been given their	freedom.	of					
						families when either the husband or the wife is in this country, and granting		for the migration of the North American Indian tribes is desirable. The United					
3	1927	USA	US - SOU	Coolidge		more	freedom	States Employment					
						collective bargaining must be protected and encouraged. Collective bargaining is not only a fundamental		for labor. It is also a strengthening and stabilizing influence for our whole					
4	1950	USA	US - SOU	Truman		economic	freedom	economy. The					
								for the peoples of Asia. Long, long ago it					
5	1951	USA	US - SOU	Truman		Our country has always stood for now, to those who questioned our	freedom	stood for the freedom of the					
				_		intention to live up to the promises of		for us all. There was another question					
6	1953	USA	US - SOU	Truman		equal	freedom	posed for us at the war's end which					
						are clear: To labor earnestly, patiently		keep our economy vigorous and free					
7	1955	USA I	US - SOU	Fisenhower		praverfully, for peace, for	freedom.	that our people					
_						applied with the same vigor that in	,	for all mankind. To accomplish these					
						the past made America a living promise		vital tasks, all of us should be concerned					
8	1956	USA	US - SOU	Eisenhower		of	freedom	with					
						the Congress requesting greater		for markets to reflect the wishes of					
						freedom for our farmers to manage their	_	producers and consumers. Legislative					
9	1959	USA	US - SOU	Eisenhower		own farms and greater	freedom	changes that followed were					
			_			need new legislation. In the past l		for our farmers to manage their own					
	<		HKBU-	Corpus	(+)				4				

USING THE CHINESE CORPUS

### SEARCH THE CORPUS – CHINESE Keyword Search

•

1. Input a word or phrase you want to search in the corpus, e.g. "社会(society)".



2. Click "语料出处(source)" needed.

ORPUS of Political Speeches	SEARCH THE CORPUS	ABOUT THE PROJECT	WORD FREQUENCY DATA	TERMS OF USE	CONTAINS 4,860,739
Corpus in English 繁體語料庫 简体语料库 语料库检索					
捜索词语 社会 ■ 中国大陆 (全选) ■ 总理政府工作报告 (Reports on the Work of the Government by the P.R.C. Premiers)					
讲者 ■ 中国大陆			请输入词语进行搜	索。	

3. Click "讲者(speaker)", and then check the relevant boxes to specify the speakers you want to search.

ORPUS of Political Speeches	SEARCH THE CORPUS	ABOUT THE PROJECT	WORD FREQUENCY DATA	TERMS OF USE	CONTAINS 4,860,
Corpus in English 繁體語料庫 简体语料库					
语料库检索					
搜索词语 社会					
语料出处 ■ 中国大陆					
讲者 ■ 中国大陆 (全选) ■ 赵紫阳 (Zhao Ziyang) ■ 李鹏 (Li Peng) ■ 朱镕基 (Zhu Rongji) ■ 温家宝 (Wen Jiabao)			请输入词语进行搜	索。	
日期 1789 ▼ 至 2015 ▼					

4. Specify the time range either by selecting the boxes or by dragging the green button to limit the retrieved data to a particular timeframe.



5. Press the "搜索(search)" button to get the result page.



6. View your search results with both *No. of Occurrence* in the relevant corpora and *Graphical Representation* to show the relevant percentage among all the search results.

搜索结果		
请选择 <u>一个</u> 词语继续进行搜索:		
Select Term(s) 1 0 社会 /NN 2 0 社会化 /NN 3 0 社会化 /JJ 4 0 社会化 /V/ 5 0 社会化 /VA 6 0 黑社会 /NN	No. of Occurrence 326 8 3 1 1 1	Graphical Representation
如需加入匹配词语搜索,请勾选: □ 匹配词语 ◎ 首 20 词频 ○		
推續搜索		

7. You can sort out "语句 (keyword in context)" by "年份(year)" / "地区 (region)" / "类别(type)" / "讲者(speaker)".

訽 #序: <mark>年份 | 地区 | 类别 | 讲者 | 左五 | 左四 | 左三 | 左二 | 左一 | 右一 | 右二 | 右三 | 右四 | 右五</mark> 1. 2000 PRCPRC - PR Zhu ......教育/NN \* /PU 继续/AD 扩大/VV 普通/JJ 高等/JJ 学校/NN 招生/NN \* /PU 通过/P 后勤/NN 服务/NN 社会化/NN 等/ETC 措施/NN \* /PU 解决/VV 学生/NN 宿舍/NN \* /PU 食堂/NN \* /PU 教学/NN 设施/NN Rongii 2. 2001 PRCPRC - PR Zhu ...... 适用/JJ 技术/NN / /PU 积极/AD 扶持/W 农业/NN 科技/NN 产业/NN 发展/NN 。/PU 加强/W 农业/NN 社会化/NN 服务/NN 体象/NN 建设/NN 。/PU 建立/W 农产品/NN 市场/NN 信息/NN 、/PU 食品/NN Rongji 3. 2001 PRCPRC - PR Zhu ...... • /PU 依法/AD 落实/VV 高校/NN 办学/NN 自主权/NN · /PU 继续/AD 推进/VV 高校/NN 后勤/NN 服务/NN 社会化/NN • /PU 鼓励/VV 丶 /PU 支持/VV 和/CC 规范/VV 社会/NN 力量/NN 办学/NN • /PU 增加 Rongji 4. 2002 PRCPRC - PR Zhu ...... 比/P 上/ot 年/M 増加/W 4.8 万/co 人/NN \*/PU 高校/NN 管理/NN 体制/NN 和/cc 后勤/NN 社会化/NN 改革/NN 进展/NN 版利/VA \*/PU 资源/NN 保护/NN 、/PU 环境/NN 治理/NN 和/cc 生态/NN 建 Rongji 5. 2002 PRCPRC - PR Zhu ......教育/NN 质量/NN ・/PU 继续/AD 推进/NV 高校/NN 内部/NN 管理/NN 体制/NN 改革/NN 和/cc 后勤/NN 社会化/NN ・/PU 全面/AD 提高/NV 教师/NN 思想/NN 和/cc 业务/NN 素质/NN ・/PU 加快/NV 教 Rongji 6. <u>2003</u> PRCPRC - PR Zhu ...... 本专科/NN 毕业生/NN 1300万/cb 人/NN ,/PU 毕业/N/ 研究生/NN 31万/cb 人/NN 。/PU 高校/NN 后勤/NN 社会化/NN 改革/NN 取得/N/ 重要/JJ 进展/NN 。/PU 新/AD 建/N/ 和/cc 改建/N/ 学生 Rongji 7. <u>2003</u> PRCPRC - PR Zhu …… , pu 改革/NN 进展/NN 版利/VA 。 pu 与/P 此/PN 同时/NN , pu 机关/NN 后勤/NN 服务/NN 社会化/NN 明显/AD 提高/VV 。 pu 政/NN 企/NN 分开/NN 迈出/VV 重大/JJ 步伐/NN 。 pu 中央/ Rongji 8. 2003 PRCPRC - PR Zhu ...... 生态nn 保护nn 建设nn 规划nn 。pu 加强nv 农产品nn 质量nn 安全nn 体象nn 和/cc 农业nn 社会化nn 服务nn 体象nn 建设nn 。pu 坚持nv 和/cc 完善nv 农村nn 土地nn 承包n Rongji

8. You can also sort out your "语句 (keyword in context)" by L1-L5 & R1-R5 (e.g. L1 is the first word to the left of the keyword).

语句	<sub>排序:</sub> 年份   地区   类别   讲者   左五   左四   左三   左二   左一   右一   右二   右三   右西   右五
1.2003 PRCPRC-PR 2 F	Zhu本专科/NN 毕业生/NN 1300万/co 人/NN ,/PU 毕业/NV 研究生/NN 31万/co 人/NN 。/PU 高校/NN <u>后勤</u> /NN <mark>社会化/NN</mark> 改革/NN 取得/NV 重要/JJ 进展/NN 。/PU 新/AD 建/NV 和/cc 改建/NV 学生 Rongji
2.2002 PRCPRC - PR 2 F	zhu教育/nn 质量/nn 。/pu 继续/ad 推进/vv 高校/nn 内部/nn 管理/nn 体制/nn 改革/nn 和/cc <u>后勤</u> /nn 社会化/nn 。/pu 全面/ad 提高/vv 教师/nn 思想/nn 和/cc 业务/nn 素质/nn 。/pu 加快/vv 教} Rongji
3.2002 PRCPRC - PR 2 F	Zhu
4.2003 PRCPRC - PR 2 F	Zhu, /pu 改革/nn 进展/nn 顺利/va 。/pu 与/p 此/pn 同时/nn ,/pu 机关/nn 后勤/nn <u>服务</u> /nn 社会化/nn 程度/nn 明显/ad 提高/vv 。/pu 政/nn 企/nn 分开/nn 迈出/vv 重大/J 步伐/nn 。/pu 中央/n Rongji
5. 2000 PRCPRC - PR 2 F	zhu教育/nn 。/pu 继续/ad 扩大/vv 普通/JJ 高等/JJ 学校/nn 招生/nn ,/pu 通过/p 后勤/nn <u>服务</u> /nn <mark>社会化/nn</mark> 等/etc 措施/nn ,/pu 解决/vv 学生/nn 宿舍/nn 、/pu 食堂/nn 、/pu 教学/nn 设施/nn Rongji
6.2001 PRCPRC - PR 2 F	
7.2003 PRCPRC - PR 2 F	
8.2001 PRCPRC - PR 2 F	

9. Click on any interested entries in step 8 to view "语句详细出处 (keyword in expanded context)".

Source: PRC - PR Speaker: Zhu Rongji URL: http://www.gov.cn/test/2006-02/16/content\_201164.htm

……发展/vv •/pu 加强/vv 基础/JJ 教育/NN ·/pu 巩固/vv 扩大/vv 农村/NN 地区/NN "/pu 两/cD 基/NN" /pu 成果/NN ·/pu 特别是/AD 加快/vv 贫困/JJ 地区/NN 和/cc 少数/JJ 民族/NN 地区/NN 普及/vv 九/cD 年/M 义务/NN 教育/NN 步伐/NN •/pu 推进/vv 农村/NN 义务/NN 教育/NN 以/p 县/NN 为/vc 主/NN 的/dec 管理/NN 体制/NN 改革/NN ·/pu 保证/vv 教师/NN 工资/NN 按时/AD 足额/AD 发放/vv •/pu 积极/AD 发展/vv 高中/NN 阶段/NN 教育/NN •/pu 稳步/AD 发展/vv 普通/JJ 高等/JJ 教育/NN ·/pu 适应/vv 新/JJ 形势/NN ·/pu 调整/vv 学科/NN 结构/NN •/pu 大力/AD 发展/vv 中等/JJ 和/cc 高等/JJ 职业/NN 教育/NN •/pu 改革/vv 课程/NN 教材/NN ·/pu 更新/vv 教学/NN 内容/NN ·/pu 提高/vv 教育/NN 意度/NN ·/pu 继续/AD 推进/vv 高校/NN 内部/NN 管理/NN 体制/NN 改革/NN 水合/NN 改革/NN 改革/NN ·/pu 无法/vv 中等/JJ 和/cc 高等/JJ 职业/NN 教育/NN •/pu 改革/vv 课程/NN 教材/NN ·/pu 更新/vv 教学/NN 内容/NN ·/pu 提高/vv 教育/NN 信息化/NN 建设/NN ·/pu 积极/AD 发展/vv 现代/JJ 远程/JJ 教育/NN ·/pu 加大/vv 政府/NN 对/p 教育/NN ·/pu 教育/NN ·/pu 加大/vv 政府/NN 对/p 教育/NN ·/pu

10. Click the button "下载语句 (download keyword in context)" to extract your data to an Excel document.

)	)下载语句											
1	F	ile Home	Inse	ert Pao	ge Layout	Formulas D	Data Review	v View	Acrobat			
	ľ	Cut		Calibri	•	10 · A A	= = =	≫~~ [	Wrap Text		General +	
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			A1		-	f <sub>x</sub>	2001					
		A B (	с	D	E		F		G		Н	
	1	2001 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		按/P保护的 农民/NN余粮/ 上/LC维护/VV	ì/NN敞开/AD NN,/PU从/P 了/AS	收购//// 总体/NN	社会/NN	稳: 。 的	定/NN 和/CC 经济/NN 持 /PU 在/P 充分/AD 肯定/\ /DEC 同时/NN	续/AD 增长/₩ ₩ 成绩/NN
	2	1999 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		加强/\//。 综合/JJ治理/N ,/PU维护/\/	/PU社会/NN治 N收到/VV积极 了/AS	台安/NN 贤/JJ 成效/NI	N 社会/NN	稳; 反,	定/NN 。/PU	设/№ 和/CC /∨新/ມ进展/№
	3	2000 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		活动/NN的 强化/VV社会/I ,/PU维护/VV	/DEC 斗争/NN NN 治安/NN 综 了/AS	,/PU 合/JJ治理/I	NN 社会/NN	稳;反,成;	定/NN 。/PU	设/NN 和/CC /V 新/VA的/DEC
	4	2003 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		进展/NN、 发展/NN的/DE 地/DEV维护/M	/PU 经济/NN力 C 同时/NN,/ v 了 <b>/</b> AS	加快/\/\ PU有力/\/A	社会/NN	稳;改;	定/NN 。/PU 一/CD 是/V0 革/NN 的/DEG 力度/NN 、 /DEG	℃坚持/VV把/BA /PU发展/NN
	5	2002 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		实际/AD 增 中央/NN 财政/ 大幅度/AD 增加	长/VV 8・50 NN 和/CC 地方 II/VV 了 /AS	%/CD ◎ /PU /NN财政/N	」 N 社会/NN	保下离	障/NN 支出/NN 。/PU 国 岗/JJ 职工/NN 基本/JJ 生 退休/NN 人员/NN	有/Ⅲ企业/NN 活费/NN 和/CC
	6	2003 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		制定/\V/」 世纪/NN新/JJ 小康/JJ	/AS	NN 在/P 新/J /AD 建设/VV	」 社会/NN	的 纲 祖	/DEC 宏伟/JJ 蓝图/NN 和, 领/NN 。/PU 我们/PN 伟 国/NN 已/AD	/CC行动/NN 大/VA的/DEC
	7	2003 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		提出/W了/ 二十/CD年/M3 建设/W小康/	/AS本/DT世纪 我/PN国/NN	2/NN 头/DT 全面/AD	社会/NN	的 开 主	/DEC 奋斗/NN 目标/NN, 创/VV 中国/NR 特色/NN 义/NN 事业/NN 新/JJ	/PU为/P 社会/NN
	8	2001 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		地球/NN科 取得/──新/JJ 自然/NN科学/	学/NN等/ETC #展/NN。/PU NN与/CC	万面/NN 促进/₩	社会/NN	科推	学/NN的/DEG交叉/NN晶 动/VV管理/NN科学/NN 视/VV发展/VV	9合/NN,/PU 发展/NN。/PU
	9	2001 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		加大/₩支 加快/₩少数/J 地区/NN经济/	持/NN 力度/NI □ 民族/NN 和/ NN 与 /CC	N,/PU CC 民族/NN	社会/NN	全 民 。	面/AD发展/VV,/PU促 族/NN共同/JJ繁荣/NN利 /PU全面/AD	进/₩V 各/DT Ⅱ/CC 进步/NN
	10	2001 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		信仰/NN 自 管理/₩ 宗教/I 引导/₩ 宗教/I	由/NN,/PU1 NN事务/NN, NN与/CC	衣法/AD /PU 积极/AI	D 社会/NN	主认政	义/NN 社会/NN 相/AD 适 真/AD 贯彻/VV 党/NN 的, 策/NN,/PU	应/VV 。/PU /DEG 侨务/NN
	11	2000 PRC PRC	- PR Z	hu Rongji		依法/AD 加 事务/NN 的/DE 引导/VV 宗教/I	强/vv对/P崇 G管理/NN,/ NN与/CC	教/NN /PU 积极/AD	社会/NN	主做:	义/NN 社会/NN 相/AD 适 好/₩V 新/JJ 形势/NN 下/I 务/NN 工作/NN	应 /vv ◎ /PU c 的 /DEG
						宗教/NN 政	策/NN,/PU	衣法/AD		主.	义/NN 社会/NN 相/AD 适	应/\/ ◇ /PU

▶ 首20词频 (Top 20 Words)

1. Check the "匹配词语(collocation)" box, select "首20词频 (top 20 words)", and then choose a number to specify its distance and position to the keyword, e.g. "1 &

ORPUS of Political Speeches	SEARCH THE CORPUS ABOUT THE PROJEC	CT WORD FREQUENCY DATA TERMS O	FUSE CONTAINS 4,860,739 WORDS
Corpus in English 繁體語料庫 简体语料库 语料库检索	搜索结果 请选择一个词语继续进行搜索:		
搜索词语 社会 语料出处 • 中国大陆	Select Term(s) 1 ● 社会 /NN 2 ● 社会化 /NN 3 ● 社会化 /JJ	No. of Occurrence 2543 37 11	Graphical Representation
讲者 ■ 中国大陆 日期	4 ● 黒社芸 /NN 5 ● 社会化 /VV 6 ● 社会化 /VA	6 2 1	
1789▼至2015▼ ▶ 【 】	如需加入匹配词语搜索,请勾选: ② 匹配词语 ③ 首 20 词频		
搜索说明 缩写列表	<ul> <li>▲ 福润 /NN ▼</li> <li>● 「「」」」</li> <li>● 「」」」</li> <li>● 「」」</li> <li>● 「」</li> <li>● 「」</li></ul>		

2. View advanced search results with *No. of Occurrence* and *Graphical Representation*, and then choose a collocate you need.

匹配词	吾			
	Select	Term(s)	No. of Occurrence	Graphical Representation
1		和 /CC	319	
2		经济 /NN	150	
3		的 /DEC	134	
4		加强 ///	91	
5		发展 //V	84	
6		<u>全</u> /DT	78	
7		特色 /NN	64	
8		促进 ////	57	
9		国 /NN	49	
10		的 /DEG	48	
11		推进 //V	46	
12		维护 //V	46	
13		完善 //V	44	
14		在 /P	36	
15		是/VC	35	
16		建立 //V	34	
17		小康 /川	32	
18		项 /M	30	
19		哲学 /NN	28	
20		为 /P	28	

3. Output your results to Excel by clicking "下载语句 (download keyword in context)".

#### 下载语句

	A	B C	D E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L		м	N	0	F
1	1986 PF	RC PRC-PR Zhad	o Ziyang	,/PU 广泛/AD 开展/VV 合理化/JJ 建议/NN 和/CC 技术/NN 革新/NN 活动/NN ,/PU 为/P <mark>推进/VV</mark>	社会/NN	主义/NN 现代化/NN 建设/NN 作出/VV 更/AD 大/VA 的/DEC 贡献/NN 。/PU 五/CD 丶/PU 充分/AD			<u>'</u>		i			·	
2	1986 PF	RC PRC-PR Zhao	o Ziyang		社会/NN	主义/NN 物质/NN 文明/NN 和/CC 精神/NN 文明/NN 的/DEG 建设/NN ,/PU 并/CC 坚持/VV 从/P									
				,/PU 必须/VV 认真/AD 整顿/VV 经济/NN 秩序/NN 特别是/AD 流通/NN 秩序/NN ,/PU		主义/NN 商品/NN 经济/NN 新/JJ 秩序/NN 的/DEG 建设/NN 。/PU 整顿/VV 经济/NN									
3	1989 PF	RC PRC-PR LiPe	eng	坚决/AD <b>推进/VV</b> 经济/NN 法规/NN 以及/CC 宏观/JJ 调控/NN 体象/NN 和/CC 监督/NN 体象/NN	社会/NN	秩序/NN 特别是/AD 主义/NN 商品/NN 经济/NN 新/JJ 秩序/NN									
4	1989 PF	RC PRC-PR LiPe	eng	,/PU 积极/AD <mark>推进/VV</mark> 办事/NN 和/CC 民主/JJ 决策/NN 经常任AA/ 、/PU 规范任AA/ 、/PU	社会/NN	的/DEG 建设/NN 。/PU 主义/NN 民主/NN 政治/NN 建设/NN 的/DEG									
5	1990 PF	RC PRC-PR LiPe	eng	制度化/VV。/PU 在/P <mark>推进/VV</mark> 项/M 工作/NN 纳入/VV 法制/NN 轨道/NN 。/PII 做好/00/ 甲相/NN 文化/NN 工作/NN	社会/NN	2/12/NN 中/12 ・/PO 25/0// V 25/2// V 社会/NN 主义/NN 主义/NN 精神/NN 文明/NN 建设/NN 。/PU 左(P 深(L AA/改革/NN 、/PU 扩大 AA/									
6	1992 PF	RC PRC-PR LiPe	eng	, /PU 推进/VV , /PU 推进/VV 工作/NN 要/VV 紧紧/AD 围绕/VV 经济/NN 建设/NN 汶/DT 个/M 中心/NN ,/PU 经力/AD	社会/NN	在/F 年に/VV 改革/NN /FO J 八/VV 开放/NN 的/DEC 各/DT 项/M 事业/NN 全面/JJ 发展/NN / /PU 家町/M 社会/NN 全面/JJ 发展/NN / /PU									
7	1993 PF	RC PRC-PR LiPe	eng	推进/VV 新/JJ税种/NN,/PU避免/VV个人/NN 最终/II收入/NN 过分/AD 暴秩/VA。/PU	社会/NN	以次/AD 保障/NN 和/CC 城镇/NN 住房/NN 制度/NN 改革/NN 。/PU 要/// 逐步/AD 形成///									
8	1993 PF	RC PRC-PR LiPe	eng	大力/AD <mark>推进/VV</mark> 规范化/JJ 的/DEG 实施/NN 办法/NN ,/PU 以/MSP 利/VV 推广/NN 。/PU 继续/AD	社会/NN	适应/VV 我/PN 保障/NN 制度/NN 改革/NN , /PU 减轻/VV 企业/NN 办/VV 社会/NN 的/DEC 负担/NN									
9	1994 PF	RC PRC-PR LiPe	eng	积极/AD <mark>推进/VV</mark> 改革/NN	社会/NN	,/PU 为/P 保障/NN 体制/NN 改革/NN ,/PU 巩固/VV 和/CC 完善/VV 宏观/JJ 管理/NN 体制/NN									
10	1995 PF	RC PRC-PR LiPe	eng	配套/AD <mark>推进/VV</mark> 国有/JJ 经济/NN 的/DEG 面貌/NN 就/AD 会/VV 有/VE 很大/JJ 改观/NN 。/PU 积极/AD	社会/NN	改革/NN 措施/NN 保障/NN 制度/NN 改革/NN 。/PU 这/PN 是/VC 经济/NN 体制/NN 改革/NN 的/DEG									
11	1007 0			1#1# / AV	›+⇔/мм	重要/II 组成/NN									

#### SEARCH THE CORPUS – CHINESE Collocation Search

#### Single Collocate

1. Check "匹配词语(collocation)" box, input a single collocate with part of speech specified, e.g. "治安(security, n.)", and then specify its distance and position to the keyword (e.g. "1 & After").

ORPUS of Political Speeches	SEARCH THE CORPUS	ABOUT THE PROJECT	WORD FREQUENCY DATA	TERMS OF USE	CONTAINS 4,860,739 WORDS	f	F
Corpus in English 繁體語料庫 简体语料库 语料库检索	搜索结果 请选择 <u>一个</u> 词语继续进行搜索 //A	AD AS CC					
搜索词语 <mark>社会</mark> 语料出处 • 中国大陆 <b>讲者</b> • 中国大陆	Select         Term(; /D           1         ●         社会 / /D           2         ●         社会化 /E           3         ●         社会化 /L           4         ●         黒社会 / /D           5         ●         社会化 /N           6         ●         社会化 /N	CD DEC DEG DT ETC JJ .C A M IR DD	No. of Occurrence 2543 37 11 6 2 1		Graphical Representation		•
日期 1789 ▼ 至 2015 ▼ ▶ 【 搜索	<ul> <li>/P</li> <li>如需加入匹配词语搜索,请勾选</li> <li>✓ 匹配词语</li> <li>✓ 匹配词语</li> <li>✓ 首 20 词频</li> <li>✓ 治安</li> </ul>	词 /PN 減 /PU /A /C /E /V 闷 /NN ▼					
搜索说明 缩写列表	<ul> <li>□ 前 / </li> <li>☑ 后 1 ▼ 字</li> <li>維續搜索</li> </ul>						

2. Click "继续搜索 (continue to search)" and view "语句 (keyword in context)" for further results.

如需加入匹配词语搜索,请勾选	:
✔ 匹配词语	
○ 首 20 词频	
◎ 治安	名词 /NN ▼
□ 前 / 🕑 后 1 ▼ 字	

繼續搜索

语句		<sub>排序:</sub> 年份   地区   类别   讲者   左五   左四   左三   左二   左一   右一   右二
1. 200	PRC-PR Wen妥善/AD 处理/\v 人民/NN 内部/NN 矛盾/NN ,/PU 维护/vv 群众/NN 合法/JJ Jiabao	权益/NN °/PU 完善/VV <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 防控/NN 体系/NN ,/PU 加强/VV 社会/NN 治安/NN
2. 200	PRC-PR Wen维护/vv 群众/nn 合法/JJ 权益/nn 。/pu 完善/vv 社会/nn 治安/nn 防控/nn Jiabao	体系/NN ,/PU 加强/VV 社会/NN 治安/NN 综合/JJ 治理/NN ,/PU 深入/AD 开展/VV 平安/JJ 创
3.199	PRC - PR LiPeng法制/NN 教育/NN ,/PU 增强/VV 全/DT 民/NN 的/DEG 法制/NN 观念/NN 。/P	」继续/AD 抓紧/VV <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 综合/JJ 治理/NN 。/PU 今年/NT 要/VV 采取/VV 更加/AD
4.199	PRC - PR LiPeng强有力/va 的/Dec 措施/NN ,/PU 加大/vv 打击/vv 犯罪/NN 活动/NN 的/Dec	力度/NN ,/PU 使/VV 社会/NN 治安/NN 状况/NN 得到/VV 改善/NN ・/PU ―/CD 是/VC 下/VV ;
5.199	PRC - PR LiPeng改善/ハハ ・/PU 一/cD 是/vc 下/vv 大/JJ 力气/NN 整顿/vv 和/cc 治理/vv 城/	NN 乡/NN <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN ,</mark> /PU 集中/AD 整治/VV 重点/NN 地区/NN 和/CC 群众/NN 反映/NN
6.199	PRC - PR LiPeng犯罪/พพ 活动/พพ ,/pu 维护/ww 社会/พพ 经济/พพ 秩序/พพ 。/pu 四/co 是/	vc 严格/AD 执行/vv <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 综合/JJ 治理/NN 的/DEG 目标/NN 管理/NN 和/CC 领导/I
7.199	PRC - PR LiPeng破坏/NN 活动/NN 。/PU 坚决/AD 打击/VV 和/CC 依法/AD 从重/AD 从快/AD 第	5处/ヘv 严重/ad 危害/ヘv <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 的/DEC 犯罪/NN 分子/NN ,/PU 严惩/vv 破坏/vv 釤
8.199	PRC - PR LiPeng开放/JJ 地区/NN ,/PU 有/VE 针对性/NN 地/DEV 开展/VV 打击/VV 刑事/NN 犯	見罪/NN ,/PU 整顿/VV <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 的/DEC 斗争/NN 。/PU 各/DT 级/M 政府/NN 要/VV 加
9.199	PRC - PR LiPeng要ʌʌv 动员ʌvv 和/cc 组织ʌvv 广大/JJ 群众/NN ,/PU 实行ʌvv 综合/JJ 治理/N	n ,/pu 强化/vv <mark>社会/nn 治安/nn</mark> 。/pu 司法/nn 行政/nn 机关/nn 要/vv 进一步/ad 作好/v
10. 200	PRC - PR Wen安居乐业/ʌn ,/pu 是/ʌc 政府/ʌn 应/ʌv 尽/ʌv 的/bec 责任/ʌn 。/pu 要/ʌv Jiabao	进一步/AD 落实/VV <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 综合/JJ 治理/NN 各/DT 项/M 措施/NN ,/PU 推进/VV 剂
11. 200	PRC-PR Wen要/vv 进一步/AD 落实/vv 社会/NN 治安/NN 综合/JJ 治理/NN 各/DT 项/M 措加 Jiabao	淹/NN ,/PU 推进/VV <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 防控/NN 体系/NN 建设/NN 。/PU 严厉/AD 打击/VV 黑/
12.199	PRC-PR LiPeng,/pu 增强/vv 法制/NN 观念/NN ,/pu 用/p 法律/NN 规范/vv 社会/NN 行为	/NN º/PU 搞好/VV 社会/NN 治安/NN 关系到/VV 广大/JJ 群众/NN 的/DEG 切身/JJ 利益/NN ,/F
13.199	PRC - PR LiPeng建设/NN 顺利/AD 进行/VV 的/DEC 必要/JJ 条件/NN ・/PU 几/CD 年/M 来/LC	,/PU 在/P <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 综合/JJ 治理/NN 方面/NN 做/VV 了/AS 大量/CD 工作/NN ,/PU 是
14.199	PRC - PR LiPeng社会/NN 丑恶/JJ 现象/NN 还/AD 没有/NV 得到/NV 有效/JJ 控制/NN °/PU 要/	‹/ 根据/P 当前/NT <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 中/LC 的/DEG 新/JJ 特点/NN ,/PU 进一步/AD 搞好/\/ 绸
15.199	PRC - PR LiPeng社会/NN 环境/NN ・/PU 要/VV 从严/AD 治警/VV ,/PU 并/cc 发扬/VV 依靠/V	v 群众/NN 搞好/vv <mark>社会/NN 治安/NN</mark> 的/DEC 好/JJ 传统/NN ,/PU 实行/vv 专门/JJ 机关/NN 同

3. Output your results to Excel by clicking "下载语句 (download keyword in context)".

#### 下载语句

A 1				×	£	2009														
A	L	*		~ V	Jx	2008														
	Α	в	С	D	E			F			G	Н	I	J	к	L	м	1	N	0
							뢐/AD 处理	/// 人民/I	NN 内部/NN	l		<b>治安/NN</b> 防控/NN 体系/NN, /PU 加强/VV								
						矛盾/N	N,/PU 维	护/vv 群⁄	众/NN 合法/	(1)		社会/NN 治安/NN 综合/JJ 治理/NN ,/PU								
1	2008	PRC PI	RC - PR	Wen Jiabao		权益/N	N º /PU 完	善//v		7	±会/NN	深入/AD 开展/VV								
						维相	戶/w 群众	/NN 合法/	U权益/NN	• /PU		<b>治安/NN</b> 综合/JJ 治理/NN ,/PU 深入/AD								
						完善//	v 社会/NN	治安/NN	访控/NN 体≇	≵/NN		开展//// 平安/JI 创建/NN 活动/NN 。/PU								
2	2008	PRC PI	RC - PR	Wen Jiabao		, /PU	加强/vv			4	t会/NN	改革/VV和/CC								
						法律	副/NN 教育	/NN · /PU	増强/\/\/ 全	≥/DT	-	治安/NN 综合/JJ 治理/NN ◎ /PU 今年/NT								
						民/NN	的/DEG 法制	IJ/NN 观念	/NN • /PU			要/VV 采取/VV 更加/AD 强有力/VA 的/DEC								
3	1995	PRC PI	RC - PR	Li Peng		继续/A	D 抓紧/VV		,	4	t会/NN	措施/NN ,/PU								
						强不	自力/VA的	/DEC 措施	/NN + /PU			治安/NN 状况/NN 得到/₩ 改善/NN ・/PU								
						加大八	v 打击/vv	犯罪/NN 》	:::: ,:⊆ 舌动/NN 的/0	DEC		一/CD 是/VC 下/VV 大/JJ 力气/NN 整顿/VV								
4	1995	PRC PI	RC - PR	Li Peng		力度/N	N,/PU 使	///		4	±会/NN	和/cc								
				-		2¢≣	≜/NN ∘/P	U —/CD 長	NC TW	大/II		治安/NN,/PU 集中/AD 整治/W 重点/NN								
						カ气/N	N	和/cc 治现	_////	1		地区/NN 和/CC 群众/NN 反映/NN 强烈/VA								
5	1995	PRC PI	RC - PR	Li Peng		≸/NN				4	t会/NN	的/DEC 问题/NN								
				-		3D.8	雇/NN 活动	/NN · /PU	ı维护∧v			治安/NN 综合/JI 治理/NN 的/DEG 目标/NN								
						社会/N	N 经济/NN	秩序/NN	• /PU 四/CD	D		管理/NN 和/CC 领导/NN 责任制/NN。/PU								
6	1995	PRC PI	RC - PR	Li Peng		是/vc }	<sup>亚</sup> 格/AD 执	行/VV	/ /	- 7	±会/NN	为官/W 一/CD								
_				-		破世	不/NN 活动	/NN • /PL	」 坚决/AD 打	T#W		治安/NN 的/DEC 犯罪/NN 分子/NN ,/PU								
						和/cc	衣法/AD 从	重/AD 从性	央/AD 惩处Λ	vv		严惩/VV 破坏/VV 经济/NN 的/DEC 犯罪/NN								
7	1990	PRC PI	RC - PR	Li Peng		严重/A	D 危害/VV			4	±会/NN	分子/NN 。/PU								
						开	友/川地区/	NN - /PU	有/VE 针对性	⊈/NN		治安/NN 的/DEC 斗争/NN · /PU 各/DT 级/N	4							
						地/DEV	开展/w 打	T击/w 刑	事/NN 犯罪/	/NN		政府/NN 要//// 加强//// 对/P 治安/NN								
8	1990	PRC PI	RC - PR	Li Peng		· /PU	<b>整顿/</b> ₩		- ,	ł	±会/NN	工作/NN								
						要/	₩动员/₩	/ 和/cc 组	织/w 广大/	(۱/		治安/NN ∘/PU 司法/NN 行政/NN 机关/NN								
						群众/N	N,/PU实	行/w综合	含/JJ 治理/NI	IN		要/VV 进一步/AD 作好/VV 劳改/NN 丶 /PU								
9	1990	PRC P	RC - PR	Li Peng		• /PU 3	<u> </u>			ŕ	±会/NN	劳教/NN 工作/NN								
	1					安原	居乐业/NN	,/PU 是/	VC 政府/NN	应/₩		<b>治安/NN</b> 综合/JJ 治理/NN 各/DT 项/M								
						尽/vvé	的/DEC 责任	E/NN • /P	U要/VV	-		措施/NN, /PU 推进/VV 社会/NN 治安/NN								
10	2004	PRC P	RC - PR	Wen Jiabao		进一步	/AD 落实/\	V	-	ŕ	±会/NN	防控/NN 体系/NN								
	1					要/	w进一步/	/AD 落实/\	/V 社会/NN			<b>治安/NN</b> 防控/NN 体系/NN 建设/NN ◎ /PU								
						治安/N	N 综合/JJ 》	台理/NN 名	/DT 项/M			严厉/AD 打击/VV 黑/JJ 恶/JJ 势力/NN								

# METAPHORS OF EDUCATION IN HONG KONG AND CHINA

#### **CONCEPTUAL METAPHOR THEORY**

More abstract concepts are understood in terms of more concrete concepts Source domain – concrete concepts Target domain – abstract concepts Systematic correspondences between source and target domains





N -	Ye	Spee	Speak 🖵	Text	Keyword 👻	Text	Sources 💌	M4 KWs 👻
			Leung	和/CC 持續/AD 支援/VV 社區/NN		理念/NN 1 5 0 /CD · /PU 教育/NN 經費/NN		
			Chun-	提出/VV 的/DEC 環保/NN 行動/NN 。/PU		佔/VV 政府/NN 整體/JJ 開支/NN 約/AD		
896	2013	HK - CE	ying	( /PU 六/CD ) /PU	教育/NN	五分之一/CD ,/PU		
			Leung			及/CC 1 2 /CD 年/M 免費/JJ 教育/NN 的/DEG		
			Chun-	教育/NN 的/DEC 意見/NN ,/PU		基礎/NN 上/LC ,/PU 推行/VV 15/CD 年/M		
898	2013	HK - CE	ying	特別是/AD 在/P 9/CD 年/M 強迫/JJ	教育/NN		BUILDING	基礎
			Leung	息兄/NN ,/PU 符別走/AD 任/P		的/DEG 基礎/NN 上/LC ,/PU 推行/VV		
			Chun-	9/CD 年/M 强迫/JJ 教育/NN 及/CC		1 5 /CD 年/M 免費/JJ 教育/NN 。/PU	PRODUCT ;	
899	2013	HK - CE	ying	12/CD年/M免費/JJ	<b>教育/NN</b>	教育局/NR 局長/NN	BUILDING	免費; 基礎
			Leung	,/PU 讓/VV 母/DT 位/MI 学王/NN 恝/ap 左a/c 继令/ww 按照aa/ 原籍//a				
002	2012		Chun-	卻/AD /月/VE (媛曾/NN 接文/VV  愛員/VA 約/psc /4 雅男/ww	<u> </u>	· /DU	PRODUCT	<b>冱</b> 勞
902	2013	HK - CE	ying	N/DEC 幼稚園/NN 差重なら支援ない方なに特別/U	我月/INN	*/PU 、/DU	PRODUCT	<u> </u>
			CLEUNG			、/PU 机耒/NN 和/CC 坫訓/NN ,/PU 奴阉/VV 白力更佳/NN  /nu 加登 Au 蔡仁/NN		
005	2012		Chun-	帝安/NN 的/DEC 羽勢/JJ 社群/NN ,/PU 回味 (AB 効力 AB) 株計 AB)	<u> </u>	日月史土/NN,/PU 加强/VV 首开/NN 燃金 www 以平 /co	OBJECT	†4±≆+
905	2013	HK - CE	ying	回时/AD 致力/VV 推動/VV 見から故の町右(い 政策(MM) 値(しか)	我月/NN	機智/NN 以及/CC 損割/ANN 1 F 2 /cp /pu 政府/ANN 会 An/	OBJECT	1日里//
			Leung	······ 走/VC 按/P 既有/JJ 以來/NN 傻化/VV 把關 /··· 带在 /····· 在 /···· 故存 /····		税劃/NN I S Z /CD · /PU 政府/NN 智/VV 関ク教育田 (NN 脱手 Aay 青田 Aay 翻音 (NN		
000	2042		Chun-	们刚/JJ 伯加/NN ,/PU 唯休/VV 狄肉/NN 新事 (www/pu	<u> </u>	祭/P 教肉芥/NN 聯士/VV 處理/VV 学里/NN		
906	2013	HK - CE	ying	貝系/NN ◎/PU 	我月/NN	ヘロ/NN 愛IE/NN 予/cc 娯樂/NN 的/DEC 周地/NN 。/DU		
			Chur	·····································				
007	2012		Chun-	·/PU 加/母/NN 次/CC 建輣/NN 月亰/NN	<u> 教育/NN</u>	////////////////////////////////////		
507	2015	TIK - CE	ying	, /PO 50 版 // VV 本 共 / VV	我用/INN	工度/NN		
			Chun					
000	2012		uing	而安/VV (Call/NN 가 / PO /)었니/AD 殿友/NN 서千/NN 조모//A , /DU	教育/NN	社首/NN 工/LC 行任/VV 万政/NN ,/FO 任/F 法兄AA/		<b>忞</b> 業
505	2015	TIK - CL	Leung	置源/NN 八子/NN 不定/VA ,/PO 學生/NN 因為/P 經濟/NN 原因/NN	TX F3/ ININ	减定/ ₩ 政策/NN 應/WV 進人/WV 窒固期/NN ,/PU		/主示
			Chun-	而/MSP 無法/AD 升學/VV 。/PU		不/AD 作/VV 重大/VA 的/DFC 政策/NN		
910	2013	HK - CE	ving	151/CD · /PU 我/PN 認為/VV	教育/NN	改變/NN, /PU	BUILDING	登固
			Leung	考試/NN 的/DEG 最高/JJ 等級/NN		文憑/NN 高級/JJ 程度/NN 考試/NN 」/PU		
			Chun-	的/DEG 對照/JJ 分數/NN, /PU 比/P		或/CC「/PU 國際/NN 文憑/NN 大學/NN		
916	2013	HK - CE	ying	「/PU 英國/NR 普通/JJ	教育/NN	預科/NN 課程/NN		



Hong Kong PhD Fellowship Application Procedure Living and Studying in Hong Kong

Participating Universities What's New

Enquiry and FAQs

#### Background

Established by the Research Grants Council (RGC) of Hong Kong in 2009, the Hong Kong PhD Fellowship Scheme (HKPFS) aims at attracting the best and brightest students in the world to pursue their PhD studies in Hong Kong's universities.





Metaphor Across Contexts and Domains: From Description to Application Hong Kong June 2018



Questions?

### SIGNIFICANCE

#### Significance of this Corpus

The HKBU Corpus of Political Speeches is an important resource for all those interested in the study of political rhetoric. In addition, students, teachers, researchers and linguists may use this Corpus to conduct research on a range of linguistic issues, including research on morphology, semantics, syntax, pragmatics and discourse. The data can be searched for within a particular time period, which will enable analysis of diachronic language change. Furthermore, this Corpus contains both Chinese and English texts in political discourse for the Corpus of Address by Hong Kong Governors (1984-1996) and the Corpus of Policy Address by Hong Kong Chief Executives (1997-2014). Texts from these parallel corpora may be studied in order to identify suitable translation equivalents, which can be of practical use in translation and translation studies. Finally, as this Corpus provides empirical language data, it can serve as a reference for language learning, especially to those who are interested in understanding how politicians structure their speeches to win support from the public.

#### RESEARCH TEAM

#### **Research Team**

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